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Position: Professor
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Date of birth: July 13, 1961

Education:

1980-1984	B.S., Engineering, University of Tokyo
1984-1986	M.S., Engineering, University of Tokyo
1994	Ph.D., Engineering, University of Tokyo

Professional Positions:

1986-1991	Instructor, University of Tokyo
1991-1993	Visiting Researcher, University of California, San Diego
1993-1994	Research Associate, The Salk Institute
1994-2003	Senior Researcher, Advanced Telecommunication Research Institute International (ATR)
1995-2006	Visiting Associate Professor, Nara Institute of Science and Technology (NAIST)
1996-1999	Group Leader, Dynamic Brain Project, Japan Science and Technology Corporation (JST)
1999-2005	Research Director, Metalearning and Neuromodulation Project, JST
2003-2011	Department Head, ATR Computational Neuroscience Laboratories
2004-	Principal Investigator, Okinawa Institute of Science and Technology (OIST)
2006-2015	Visiting Professor, NAIST
2010-	Adjunct Professor, Kyoto University
2011-	Professor, Neural Computation Unit, OIST Graduate University
2011-2014	Vice Provost for Research OIST Graduate University
2011-	Program Director, Prediction and Decision Making, MEXT
2012-	Scientific Technical Committee, Italian Institute of Technology
2013-	Visiting Professor, Tamagawa University
2015-	Visiting Researcher, National Institute of Advanced Industrial Science and Technology (AIST)

Social Services:

1999-2002	Vice President, Japanese Neural Network Society
1999-2003	Director, Neuro-Informatics Summer School
2004-	Co-organizer, Okinawa Computational Neuroscience Course
2008-	Co-editor in Chief, Neural Networks
2009-2011	Board of Governors, International Neural Network Society
2010	Program Chair, 33rd Annual Meeting of Japan Neuroscience Society
2011	Executive Chair, 21st Annual Conference of Japanese Neural Network Society

Awards:

2000, 2003, 2005, 2006	Best Paper Awards, Japanese Neural Network Society
2007	JSPS Award, Japan Society for Promotion of Science
2007	Tsukahara Award, Brain Science Foundation
2012	MEXT Prize for Science and Technology
2013	College of Fellows, International Neural Network Society

Representative Publications

Elfwing S, Uchibe E, Doya K (2015). Expected energy-based restricted Boltzmann machine for classification. Neural networks, 64, 29-38.

Ito M, Doya K (2015). Distinct neural representation in the dorsolateral, dorsomedial, and ventral parts of the striatum during fixed- and free-choice tasks. Journal of Neuroscience 35:3499-3514.

Miyazaki KW, Miyazaki K, Tanaka KF, Yamanaka A, Takahashi A, Tabuchi S, Doya K (2014). Optogenetic activation of dorsal raphe serotonin neurons enhances patience for future rewards. Current Biology, 24(17), 2033-2040.

Elfwing S, Uchibe E, Doya K, Christensen HI (2011). Darwinian embodied evolution of the learning ability for survival. Adaptive Behavior, 19, 101-120.

Miyazaki K, Miyazaki KW, Doya K (2011). Activation of dorsal raphe serotonin neurons underlies waiting for delayed rewards. Journal of Neuroscience, 31, 469-479.

Ito M, Doya K (2009). Validation of decision-making models and analysis of decision variables in the rat basal ganglia. Journal of Neuroscience, 29, 9861-9874.

Doya K (2008). Modulators of decision making. Nature Neuroscience, 11, 410-416.

Samejima K, Ueda K, Doya K, Kimura M (2005). Representation of action-specific reward values in the striatum. Science, 301, 1337-1340.

Tanaka SC, Doya K, Okada G, Ueda K, Okamoto Y, Yamawaki S (2004). Prediction of immediate and future rewards differentially recruits cortico-basal ganglia loops. Nature Neuroscience, 7(8), 887-893.

Doya K (2002). Metalearning and neuromodulation. Neural Networks, 15, 495-506.

Doya K. (2000). Reinforcement learning in continuous time and space. Neural Computation, 12, 219-245.

Doya K (1999). What are the computations of the cerebellum, the basal ganglia, and the cerebral cortex. Neural Networks, 12, 961-974.

Doya K., Selverston A.I. (1994). Dimension reduction of biological neuron models by artificial neural networks. Neural Computation, 6, 696-717.

Doya K., Yoshizawa S. (1989). Adaptive neural oscillator using continuous-time back-propagation learning. Neural Networks, 2, 375-386.